Spelling with the Jungle Club - Scope and Sequence





Term 1	Review from Year 1	New Skills for Year 2	CEWs Year 2	Special Skill
Week 1	Compare: long /a/ (/ai/ay/a_e/a/)	Adding endings to split digraph words	great, break, steak	Contraction: can't
Week 2	Compare: long /e/ (/ee/ea/-y/)	Adding endings to split digraph words	because, again	Homophones: see/sea
Week 3	Compare: long /e/ (/ie/e_e/e/)	Adding endings to split digraph words and other words ending in 'e'	even, people	Homophones: be/bee
Week 4	Compare: long /i/ (/igh/ie/i_e/-y/) Prefix un-	Practise adding endings to split digraph words and other words ending in 'e'	find, kind, mind, wild, child(ren), climb	Contractions: I'll, you'll, we'll
Week 5	Compare: long /o/ (/oa/oe/o_e/ow/)	Adding endings to split digraph words and other words ending in 'e'	old, cold, gold, hold, fold, told	Contraction: don't
Week 6	Compare: long /u/ (/oo/ue/u_e/ew/u/)	Adding endings to split digraph words and other words ending in 'e'	most, only, clothes, both, hello	Homophones: blue/blew
Term 2				
Week 1	ʻph' ʻwh'	Words beginning 'wr'	who, whole, Mr, Mrs	Homophones: right/write
Week 2	Compare: /ur/ /er/ /ir/	Apostrophes for possession	after*, pass*, grass*, class*	Contraction: won't
Week 3	Compare: /ou/ /ow/	Apostrophes for possession	hour	Homophones: hear/here
Week 4	Compare: /or/ /ore/ /au/ /aw/	Suffix -ful	door, poor, floor, water, beautiful	Homophones: there/their
Week 5	Compare: /ear/ /eer/ /air/ /ear/ /are/	Suffix -less	sure, sugar, Christmas	Homophones: bear/bare
Week 6	Review & Consolidation			

^{*} Common Exception Words marked with an asterisk may/not be Tricky Words according to regional accent.

Spelling with the Jungle Club - Scope and Sequence





Term 3	New Skills for Year 2	CEWs Year 2	Special Skill
Week 1	Words ending in: -le/-el	parents	Contraction: it's
Week 2	Words ending in: -al/-il	father, past*, fast*, last*	Contractions: wasn't /isn't
Week 3	Words ending in: –y (happy)	what, pretty, every, everybody	Contraction: what's
Week 4	Words ending in: –y (cry)	any, many, busy, does	Contraction: doesn't
Week 5	Adding endings to single-syllable words ending in a single consonant (e.g. pat/patted)	could, would, should	Contractions: couldn't, wouldn't, shouldn't
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		
Term 4			
Week 1	Adverbs ending in -ly (including to split digraph and -y words)	plant*, bath*, path*	Apostrophes for possession
Week 2	Irregular plural nouns & revise rule for –s /-es	half, <i>woman</i> , <i>women</i> ⁺	Contraction: haven't
Week 3	Compare: /j/ /g/ /ge/ /dge/	move, prove, improve	Near homophones: quite/quiet
Week 4	Compare: /se/ /c/ /ce/	eye	Homophones: piece/peace
Week 5	Compare: /-y/ /-ey/	money, monkey, honey	Homophones: to/too/two
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		

^{*} Common Exception Words marked with an asterisk may/not be Tricky Words according to regional accent.

⁺ Are included as examples of irregular plurals. These are Year 3 Common Exception Words

Spelling with the Jungle Club - Scope and Sequence





Term 5	New Skills for Year 2	Special Skill
Week 1	/or/ phoneme spelt 'a' before 'l' and 'll' (e.g. fall/ball, talk/walk)	Homophones: there/their/they're
Week 2	/u/ phoneme spelt 'o' (e.g. other/mother) /o/ phoneme spelt 'a' (e.g. want/wash)	Homophones: sun/son
Week 3	/er/ phoneme spelt 'or' (e.g. work/world) /or/ phoneme spelt 'ar' after 'w' (e.g. warm/towards)	Homophones: one/won
Week 4	/n/ phoneme spelt 'kn' or 'gn' (e.g. knight/gnat)	Homophones: no/know
Week 5	Suffixes: -ment/-ness	Homophones: not/knot
Week 6	-tion ending on words (e.g. station/nation)	Homophones: meet/meat
Term 6		
Week 1	s pronounced as /z/ (e.g. television/usual/pleasure)	Homophones: plain/plane
Week 2	Compare /ch/ phoneme (e.g. nature/stretcher)	Homophones: grown/groan
Week 3	Review & Consolidation	
Week 4	Review & Consolidation	
Week 5	Review & Consolidation	
Week 6	Review & Consolidation	



Spelling with the Jungle Club Year 3 Scope and Sequence



Term 1	Skills	Words	Special Skills
Week 1	Endings on split digraph words	pretty, beautiful, everybody	Homophones: to / too
Week 2	Endings on single-syllable words ending with consonant	great, break, steak	Homophones: there / their
Week 3	-ed endings that sound like /d/ /t/ and /ed/	once, water, parents	Homophones: one / won
Week 4	Words beginning wh and wr	whole, who, both	Homophones: hole / whole
Week 5	Words ending -le, -el, -al, -il	what, sure, sugar	Near Homophones: quite / quiet
Week 6	Suffixes -ful and -less	wild, child, climb	Possessive apostrophe (singular nouns)
Term 2			
Week 1	Suffixes -ment and -ness	address, arrive, colour	Homophones: to / too / two
Week 2	Negative prefix un-	earth, unearth	Homophones: there / their / they're
Week 3	Negative prefixes dis- / mis-	appear, disappear	Homophones: piece / peace
Week 4	/u/ sound spelt 'o'	often, perhaps, different	Homophones son / sun
Week 5	/u/ sound spelt 'ou'	different, busy, Christmas	Homophones: here / hear
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		



Spelling with the Jungle Club Year 3 Scope and Sequence



Term 3	Skills	Words	Special Skills
Week 1	Adverbs ending -ly (no change to root word)	minute, early, interest	Near Homophones: were / where
Week 2	Adverbs ending -ly on words ending -y	accident / al / ly	Homophones: break / brake
Week 3	Adverbs ending -ly on words ending -le	probable / ly possible / ly	Homophones: main / mane
Week 4	/ch/ sound spelt 'ch' and 'tch'	actual / ly natural	Homophones: witch / which
Week 5	/che/ ending spelt 'ture' and 'tcher'	answer, February	Homophones: were / where / wear
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		
Term 4			
Week 1	Endings on multi-syllable words ending in consonant	heard, learn	Homophones: knot / not
Week 2	/j/ sound spelt /j/, /g/, /ge/ and /dge/	strange, important	Homophones: plane / plain
Week 3	/zhe/ sound (e.g. pleasure, treasure, usual)	forwards, woman, women	Homophones: bury / berry
Week 4	/zhun/ sound (e.g. vision, television, confusion)	occasion /al / ly	Homophones: meet / meat
Week 5	Prefix re-	build, difficult	Homophones: great / grate
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		





Term 5	Skills	Words	Special Skills
Week 1	/shun/ sound spelt '-tion' (e.g. action, invention, station)	describe, surprise	Homophones: groan / grown
Week 2	/shun/ sound spelt '-tion' and /zhun/ sound spelt 'sion'	remember, material	Homophones: mail / male
Week 3	/s/ sound spelt 's', 'ss', 'se', 'c', 'ce' and 'sc' (e.g. science, fascinate, scenery)	receive, excite, special	Homophones: seen / scene
Week 4	/k/ sound spelt 'ch' (e.g. school, echo)	promise, famous, favourite	Homophones: fair / fare
Week 5	/sh/ sound spelt 'ch' (e.g. chef, machine)	guide, guard, guest, delicious	Homophones: missed / mist
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		
Term 6			
Week 1	/ai/ sound spelt 'ei', 'eigh', 'aigh' 'ey'	naughty, thought, enough	Homophones: rain / rein / reign
Week 2	Prefixes super-, sub-	believe, heart, ocean	Near Homophones: breath / breathe
Week 3	Possessive apostrophes for regular plurals	bicycle, island, library	Homophones: ball / bawl
Week 4	Possessive apostrophes for regular and irregular plurals	group, fruit, juice	Possessive apostrophes for proper nouns ending 's'
Week 5	Review & Consolidation		
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		



The following Y3/4 National Curriculum Spelling objectives are not covered in Year 3 Spelling with the Jungle Club:

Statutory Requirements	Rules and Guidance (non-statutory) Example Words	
	The prefix in- can mean both 'not' and 'in' / 'into'	inactive, incorrect, insane, invalid, independent, inexpensive
More profives	Before a root word starting with 'l', in- becomes il-	illegal, illegible
More prefixes	Before a root word starting with 'm' or 'p', in- becomes im-	impossible, impatient, immature, immortal
	Before a root word starting with 'r', in- becomes ir-	irregular, irrelevant, irresponsible
	inter- means 'between' or 'among'	interact, intercity, international, interrelated
More prefixes	anti- means 'against'	antiseptic, anticlockwise, antisocial
	auto- means 'self' or 'own'	autograph, autobiography, automatic
The suffix -	The suffix -ation is added to verbs to form nouns. The rules learnt still apply.	information, adoration, automation, sensation, preparation
	Sometimes the root word is obvious and the usual rules apply for adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters.	poisonous, dangerous, mountainous, famous, various
	Sometimes there is no obvious root word.	tremendous, enormous, jealous
The suffix -ous	-our is changed to -or before adding -ous	humorous, glamorous, vigorous
	The final 'e' of the root word must be kept if the /j/ sound of 'g' is to be kept	courageous, outrageous
	If there is an /i/ sound before the -ous ending, it is usually spelt as 'i' but a few words have 'e'	serious, obvious, curious hideous, spontaneous, courteous



The following Y3/4 National Curriculum Spelling objectives are not covered in Year 3 Spelling with the Jungle Club:

Statutory Requirements	Rules and Guidance (non-statutory)	Example Words
Endings which	-ssion is used if the root word ends in 'ss' or -mit	expression, discussion, confession, permission, admission
sound like /shun/	-sion is used if the root word ends in 'd' or 'se'	expansion, extension, comprehension, tension
73114117	-cian is used if the root word ends in 'c' or 'cs'	musician, electrician, magician, politician, mathematician
Words ending with the /g/		
sound spelt 'que' or the /k/		league, tongue
sound spelt 'que' (French)		mosque, antique, unique

Spelling with the Jungle Club - Year 4 Scope and Sequence



Term 1	Skills	Words	Special Skills
Week 1	Adverbs ending -ly (including on words ending -y, -l and -le)	wholly, certainly, usually	Possessive apostrophes for plural nouns ending 's'
Week 2	Adverbs on words ending -ic	truly, publicly, extremely	Possessive apostrophes for irregular plural nouns
Week 3	Prefix re-	strength, although	Homophones: knot / not
Week 4	Prefixes sub- / super-	through, though	Homophones: break / brake
Week 5	Prefix anti- ('against')	suppose, completely	Homophones: main / mane
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		
Term 2			
Week 1	Negative prefixes dis- / mis-	continue, consider	Possessive apostrophes for proper nouns
Week 2	Negative prefix in-	exercise, potatoes	Possessive apostrophes for proper nouns ending 's'
Week 3	Negative prefix im-	grammar, history	Homophones: great / grate
Week 4	Endings on multi-syllable words ending in consonant	height, increase	Homophones: whether / weather
Week 5	Adverbs – consolidation of skills	knowledge, opposite	Homophones: witch / which
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		

Key to Colour-coding:

Revision from Spelling with the Jungle Club Year 3 (in addition, all words and spelling patterns introduced in Year 3 will be included). See Year 3 Scope and Sequence for full details of coverage. From National Curriculum Year 5 and 6 Spelling appendix

Additional material (not specified in The National Curriculum, but in common enough usage to be of use to introduce to Year 4 children)

^{*}suffix -ment introduced in Yr2 but reinforced here in tandem with -ship

Spelling with the Jungle Club - Year 4 Scope and Sequence



Term 3	Skills	Words	Special Skills
Week 1	/zhe/ sound spelt 'sure' and /zhun/ sound spelt 'sion'	experience, ordinary	Homophones: bury / berry
Week 2	Negative prefixes ir-, il- and non-	question, notice	Homophones: missed / mist
Week 3	/shun/ sound spelt 'tion'	position, mention	Homophones: accept / except
Week 4	/shun/ sound spelt 'sion' or 'ssion'	attention, intention, possession	Homophones: fair / fare
Week 5	/shun/ sound spelt 'cian'	business, caught	Homophones: meddle / medal
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		
Term 4			
Week 1	Consolidation all negative prefixes: mis-, dis-, un-, in-, im-, il-, ir- and non-	calendar, century	Homophones: mail / male
Week 2	Prefixes in-, im- (meaning 'into') and inter- ('betweeen')	medicine, recent	Homophones: heel / heal / he'll
Week 3	Prefixes auto- ('self') and semi- ('half')	various, purpose	Homophones: seen / scene
Week 4	/i/ sound spelt 'y'	quarter, experiment	Homophones: whose / who's
Week 5	/g/ sound spelt 'gue' /k/ sound spelt 'que'	popular, regular	Homophones: ball / bawl
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		

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Spelling with the Jungle Club - Year 4 Scope and Sequence



Term 5	Skills	Words	Special Skills
Week 1	Suffix -ous	peculiar	Homophones: rain / rein / reign
Week 2	Suffix -ous on words ending '-our' Suffix -ous on words ending '-ge'	therefore	Homophones: breath / breathe
Week 3	Suffix '-ous' with /i/ sound before the '-ous' ending	eighth	Homophones: affect / effect
Week 4	Suffix -ation (including on verbs ending '-e')	particular	Homophones: steal / steel
Week 5	Suffix -ation on verbs ending '-y'	separate	Homophones: past / passed
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		
Term 6			
Week 1	More prefixes: de- ('from'/'away'), ab- (a-) ('away' / 'without')	frequently	Homophones: father / further
Week 2	Suffixes -ment*, -ship (qualities/states of being)	government	Homophones: allowed / aloud
Week 3	More prefixes: ex- ('out'), en- (em-) ('into' / 'onto')	environment	Homophones: practice / practise
Week 4	More prefixes: extra- ('outside'), tele- ('far'), mini- ('small'), micro- ('very small')	existence	Homophones: guest / guessed
Week 5	Review & Consolidation		
Week 6	Review & Consolidation		

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